**Polish Aviation Museum**

Fasten your seatbelts and set off for a skyward adventure through the Polish Aviation Museum – the largest museum in Europe devoted to airplanes

Please, fasten your seatbelts, as we are setting off for skyward adventure through one of the largest museums in Europe devoted to airplanes. **Polish Aviation Museum** is also the only museum located at the former airport, the oldest one in Poland. **The attraction**, placed at 39 Jana Pawła II Avenue, hosts 140 airplanes, gliders and helicopters beginning from the pioneering period to contemporary times. The museum can also be proud of the biggest European collection of aviation engines.

**Schindler’s Factory**

Old Schindler’s factory, famous from Speilberg’s film “Schindler’s list”, presents the complex history of Krakow from 1939 to 1945

Old **Schindler’s Factory**, extolled by Speilberg’s film “Schindler’s list”, is now the branch of Historic Museum of Krakow. We can find here the history of the city from 1939 to 1945. Discover the complex stories of the factory owner – Oskar Schindler and the Jewish prisoners from Płaszów concentration camp, whom he succeeded to save. The **attraction** intends to present the factory in a wider historical context and give a better understanding of Krakow’s history during the occupation.

**St. Albert’s Church Underground**

Visit St. Albert’s Church Underground and explore the “History of the Grand Market Square and the Church of St. Adalbert” exhibition

Visit **St. Albert’s Church Underground** and explore the “History of the Grand Market Square and the Church of St. Adalbert” exhibition, located in its basements. The temple itself is the oldest one in Krakow, built around the year 1000. The construction of the original wooden church is assigned to missionaries from the St. Adalbert’s congregation. The edifice was of course rebuilt several times throughout the ages. Until the 15th century, a graveyard surrounded the **attraction.**

**Pomorska Street**

Reveal the dark secrets of the Pomorska Street, once the Gestapo HQ, now the venue of exposition “People of Kraków in Times of Terror 1939-1945-1956”

Go back to the times of WWII and discover the dark secrets of the **Pomorska Street,** hosting in of its buildings the Gestapo Headquarters. The place, once of bad repute, now faces its revival, being the venue of national memory and the nucleus of the upcoming exhibition “People of Kraków in Times of Terror 1939-1945-1956”. The exhibition, aiming to convey the complex history of our city, includes a trip around the dungeons, where a lot of Polish people fighting against the enemies, were tortured and killed.

The exhibition is divided into three parts, each of them focusing on a different story. The first one presents the activities of the Association of Defence of the Western Borderlands and the history of the Silesian House. The second part is devoted to the fate of the chosen people – Krakow citizens and people connected with the city, being the victims of the Nazi occupation in 1939-1945. The third part presents Poland after the war (the years 1945-1956) and the different angles of fight against the Communist oppression. The database currently comprises several thousand items and it is planned to be expanded in the future.

**The Old Synagogue**

Welcome to the oldest Jewish temple in Poland. The Old Synagogue, which remembers the 15th century, has a various offer of diverse exhibitions

Welcome to the oldest Jewish temple in Poland. **The Old Synagogue** has survived since the 15th century. Now functioning also as a museum, the **attraction** gathers several exhibitions. The main prayer hall hosts a collection dedicated to the synagogue and the most important holidays of the religious Jewish calendar, like Sabbath Day, Rosh Hashanah and the Day of Atonement, the Feast of Tabernacles, Hanukkah, Purim and Passover. The most significant cult object in Synagogue is a scroll with the text of the Torah. The old hall for women includes a display concerning the family and private life. Visitors can also find exhibits connected with obeying the traditional nutrition rules in a Jewish home, everyday prayers and a life cycle from birth to death. Each work is comprehensively described, helping to get a better understanding of Jewish traditions.

**St. Mary Church**

St. Mary Church at the Mariacki Square is one of the biggest and the oldest churches in Poland. Founded in 15th century, gathers multiple works of art

**Famous St. Mary Church** at the Mariacki Square is one of the biggest and the oldest churches in Krakow and in Poland. This tremendous place of cult, founded by the citizens in the turn of 15th century, became a basilica in 1963. **The attraction** offers an unnumbered amount of priceless works of art. The most significant is St. Mary's Altar by Veit Stoss, a gothic polyptych established in 15th century, devoted to the life of St. Mary.

**Town Hall Tower**

Described as early, as in 1316, the Town Hall Tower is an essential remnant of the medieval Krakow, reflecting the power and prestige of the city

**Town Hall Tower** is one of most valuable remnants of the medieval Krakow, embodying the political and economic power of the Krakow of that times. The first written entry in the chronicles derives from 1316. The **attraction** was constantly expanded. Finally, it has 70 meters height. The stairs leading to the building, are ornamented by the proudly-looking lions. Inside, we can observe a spacious chamber, functioning once as the wealthy treasure, comprising both insignias of power and sizeable amounts of gold, silver and tin. The equally spacious chamber upstairs belongs to the most beautiful gothic interiors. The room on the third floor, which resembles a belvedere, hosts an exposition of many archival, charming photographs. The last, hard to reach, tier compensates the effort put in getting up here – the city panorama is almost breathtaking. If you want, you can also explore the city from the bird perspective, by using one of few lunettes installed in the room or admire the centrally-placed old clock mechanism.

**The Princes Czartoryski Museum & Library. The Arsenal Gallery of Ancient Art**

Visit Czartoryski Museum and Arsenal Gallery and discover the complex polish history in a nutshell, interlaced with ancient Mediterranean relics

Join the beautiful ancient world, comprising Greek vases, wooden sarcophagi, marble sculptures and many others. Welcome to **The Princes Czartoryski Museum & Library. The Arsenal Gallery of Ancient Art.** The glamorous place would not exist without the involvement of Princess Izabela Czartoryska (1746-1835), whose main desire was to preserve the records of Polish history for posterity.

The motto “The Past for the Future” can be clearly identified with this **attraction**, capturing the essence of the objects stored in this treasury - paintings, handicrafts and military related to the famous Polish personages. The building of the Arsenal, at no. 8 Pijarska Street, hosts the Gallery of Ancient Art, which gathers relics of ancient Mediterranean cultures, composed from the collections of the Czartoryski family, the National Museum in Krakow and the deposit of the Potocki family.

The assembled objects, dating back to the times from 3rd millennium BC to the 4th century AD, distinguish themselves by a great diversity in terms of materials and production techniques. Works of art interlace with everyday objects. Visitors can found here the aforementioned marble sculptures and reliefs, sarcophagi, along with mosaics and fragments of wall paintings, Greek vases, jewelry, glass vessels and bronze objects. There is also one extra exhibition, which should be a must for every visitor. The Egyptian art, including objects related to cult, sarcophagi and cartonnage in the shape of a mummy.

**Regional Rydel`s Museum of Polish Modernism Rydlówka**

Visit Bronowice with its Regional Rydel’s Museum of Polish Modernism Rydłówka and move back to the times of Wyspianski’s “Wedding”

Enter the fantastic world of literature and take part in the famous “Wedding” by Wyspianski. **Regional Rydel’s Museum of Polish Modernism Rydłówka** may not have any kind of time vehicle in its stock, however it does have beautifully preserved chambers, remembering the times of Lucjan Rydel and Jadwiga Mikolajczykówna wedding. The **attraction** is housed in a historic mansion, established in 1894 by Włodzimierz Tetmajer. Now, it is owned by family Rydlów, who live in part of building and rents the rest of it to the museum of total area reaching ​​135 m2. The permanent exhibition is housed in four rooms. These are Common, the Chamber ‘dance’, the Board “scene” and “Alcove”. The collected folklore exhibits resemble the life in Bronowice and the Young Polish artists associated with this place. We can find here the paintings of Włodziemierz Tetmajer, Kazimierz Sichulski, Stefan Filipkiewicz, Tadeusz Noskowski, Vincent Wodzinowski or Henryk Uziembły. But that’s not all, as authentic costumes from the period of Bronowice wedding are also displayed.

**The Seweryn Udziela Ethnographic Museum**

The Seweryn Udziela Ethnographic Museum gathers almost 80 thousands exhibits including archival manuscripts, drawings, photographs or glass plates

**The Seweryn Udziela Ethnographic Museum,** can boast of its tremendous collection of exhibits, reaching almost 80 thousands. However, the nucleus of it, is the collection established in the turn of the 20th century by the museum’s founder, Mr Seweryn Udziela. In his assembly, deriving mainly from the Eastern Galicia, he gathered about 2000 items, dated mainly at the end 19th and the first half of 20th century. However, there was also place for older objects, like the 17th century fragments of iconostases or the 18th century Tibetan collection. Some of the **attraction**’s exhibits (i.e. archival manuscripts, drawings, photographs or glass plates) are of particular, inestimable value. The same situation is with the library collections, comprising over 30 thousand volumes.

**Stanislaw Lem Garden of Experiences**

Join the magical world of Stanislaw Lem Garden of Experiences.Sightsee it, participate in workshops and witness spectacular scientific experiments

**Stanislaw Lem Garden of Experiences** is a magical place, loved especially by the children. Named after the great science fiction writer, each season, from mid-April to End of October, the **attraction** offers sightseeing, workshops participation, and demonstrations of the spectacular scientific experiments.

**The Szołayski House**

The Szołayski House, located next to Stary Theatre and Palace of Art, comprises exhibitions devoted to Stanisław Wyspiański and Feliks Jasieński

Situated near the Market Square, adjacent to the edifices of Old Theatre and Palace of Art, **The Szołayski House** has a lot more to offer, apart from the attractive localization. The two-floor, corner building, was from 1934 the home for Feliks “Manggha” Jasieński Museum. In the times of WWII, the house was annexed by Germans, to suit the needs of the Nazi Party. The **attraction** faced its rebirth in 2003, when the Stanisław Wyspiański’s Museum was relocated here from Kanonicza Street along with a permanent exhibition dedicated to Feliks Jasieński.

**The Zwierzyniec House**

Visit The Zwierzyniec House. See how the workers lived in the beginnings of 20th c. Discover the artistic potential of the old industrial district

**The Zwierzyniec House** is a specific branch of the Historical Museum of Krakow, depicting the living conditions of the working class from the beginnings of 20th century. From 1993, the **attraction** shows the interiors of workers flats and serves as the seat of the Zwierzyniec Artistic Salon, featuring exhibits of the creative work of artists associated with this district.